Partly cloudy; cooler; westerly winds,

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1896-COPYRIGHT, 1896, BY THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION. VOL. LXIV.—NO. 73.

POSSIBILITY THAT SPAIN MAY FORCE US INTO HOSIILITIES.

GETTING READY FOR WAR.

Orders Issued to Place the Navy on an Effeetive War Footing-All the Ships of the North Atlantic Squadron Ordered to Be Ready for Sea by Dec. I-A Programme Prepared by Admiral Bunca

Which Involves the Capture of Havana, WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.-Apprehension of trouble with Spain growing out of the Cuban war has determined President Cleveland and Secretaries Olney and Herbert to put the navy on an effective war footing at the earliest possible moment. Since Aug. 28 last, when Minister Tayler at Madrid in-formed the State Department of the defiant attitude assumed by Spain toward the United States, vigorous steps have been taken to keep the navy up to its full fighting strength. During the past few days activity has been renewed, and orders have been issued which show the intention of the Navy Department to have all the ships attached to the North Atlantic fleet ready for sea by the 1st of December.

On Aug. 28 last Minister Taylor, at Madrid, learned at a dinner given by the British Ambassador to the representatives of the foreign powers that two or three days previous the Prime Minister of Spain had sent a note to each Ambassador, saving that in view of the policy of the United States toward his Government there might follow a resentment of its attitude. and in that event he wished to be informed as to the probable attitude of the European Governments.

The note was sent to every legation at Madrid, and but for the British representative its existence would not have been known to Mr. Taylor. The morning after this dinner Minister Taylor sent to the Spanish Foreign Office a peremptory notification that unless the communication the Ambassadors was instantly withdrawn he would demand his passports and return to Washington. This severance of diplomatic relations would have been followed by the recall of the Spanish Minister to Washington. The promptness and vigor of Mr. Taylor's threat produced its effect, and within twentyfour hours every Ambassador had returned his

The incident became known in Washington, however, at once through a cablegram from the Minister, and the London and Paris foreign offices no doubt were informed also of the Spanish Government's request by their representatives at Madrid. For months the State Department has known that Spain is irritated and annoyed at the manner in which flibustering expeditions depart from the Southern ports with arms and munitions for the Cuban insurgents, The President, however, did not realize the extent of Spain's hostility. or that she was secretly endeavoring to sound other Governments as to their feeling toward the United States. But recently Mr. Taylor has forwarded to Washington additional evidence that Spain has seriously thought of forcing trouble with the United States in order to escape from the Cuban dilemma.

Admiral Bunce, commanding the North Atlantic Squadron, was in close consultation with Secretary Herbert at the department for two hours to-day. The Admiral will return for another consultation in about ten days, when he proposes to be able to report that his fleet is ready for duty. In the mean time all naval work at the various yards will be burried to completion. At Mare Island work is being pushed on five ships, but with the exception of the Petrel none is exed to be ready for sea under many weeks. The real activity, however, has been at the on this coast, where the vessels of the home squadron are repaired, supplied with powder and shell, and equipped with all appurtenances for war. At these stations ommandants received orders some weeks ago to have every ship that is being repaired and overhauled in readiness to join Admiral Bunce's contingent at Staten Island not later than Nov. 27, but recently the time has been extended, on account of delays on several vessels, so that Dec. I is now fixed as the time when all shall report at New York harbor. Repairs to the monitor oh, that would have been put off until next spring, have been ordered, and it is iso proposed now to again commission the dynamite cruiser Vesuvius. The double turreted monitor Puritan will fly her flag this month. and the armored crusser Brooklyn early in December. With these vessels and the Newark in commission, the Government will have under Admiral Bunce about seventeen first-class fighting ships, the strongest aggregation of fighters any American Admiral manded, and the equal of many of the single

These naval preparations are caused by the fear of the Administration that Spain will precipitate trouble with the United States in order to afford a pretext for abandoning Cuba-Whether the Government may be required to make a move on Havana with the North Atlantic fleet or not, it has prepared a programme to be followed in case of war with Spain. This summer's problem at the Naval War College was the Gulf of Mexico and Cuban waters, with a special view of possible troubles with Spain growing out of the Cuban insurrection. This problem has been worked out, and the full data are now in the Office of Naval Intelligence here. Supplemental to this, however, is another programme, prepared under Admiral Bunce's direcn, which involves the seizure of Havana by the North Atlantic fleet, the destruction of the Spanish cruisers that may offer opposition in Cuban waters, and the capture of the Custom House and Government buildings at Havana It has been assumed by the military experts that if Spain and the United States came to war neither would land troops in the other's territory, but that the point would be contested on the seas.

From the White House comes the unofficial statement that there is to be no reversal of the Administration policy, and that unless the situation is decidedly changed in Cuba the President will adhere strictly to his original inten-tion of withholding recognition. Cuban beilig-erency until there are stronger evidences of the ability of the insurgents to maintain some form of government. There is now no reasonable ground to believe that Mr. Cleveland contemplates any change in his attitude between now and March 4, unless Weyler is utterly routed in his present campaign and the insurgents are enabled to seize and hold some town sufficiently long to set up a government. Members of the Cabinet have recently that the Administration expects Spain to release the Cubans from bondage, and not the United States, but that in accomplishing this result the United States will be compelled to take part in a programme enforced by Prime Minister Canovas. That part of the annual message to Congress relating to Cuba will not be prepared until the last week of the month, as it is the President's intention to await the latest developments before setting forth to the country the past and present policy of his Administration toward the island Every other foreign question that he will treat f has been discussed and his views transcribed to paper. The officials of the State Department naving Cuban affairs in charge have been in formed that the Cuban chapter will be left intil the last moment.

While it is generally accepted in Administration circles that the President will not recom mend to Congress any action with reference to Cubs. it is understood that he will refer to the defiance manifested by Spain and warn the country of the possibilities of serious trouble, if, indeed, it does not occur before the meeting

Ges. Miles and the military experts of the Cuban coast.

army can see no possible way in which Weyler THE ARBITRATION TREATY. can defeat the insurgents if his campaign, as now outlined, is to be carried out. Weyler's presence in the field, they say, will inspire the

bringing about some of the most stubborn

battles yet fought on the island. Heretofore the Captain-General has remained at Havana through fear, it is thought, that if the Spanish

army takes the field, a flank movement would

be effected by Maceo leading to the capture of

Havana or some of the important towns of

the seaboard. Even with his army of over

two hundred thousand men, it is thought that

it will be impossible for Weyler to prevent the

insurgents from getting around his flank, and

unless his cities are left heavily guarded, the

followers of Maceo may be expected soon to

hold some of the important towns on the island.

WEYLER'S ADVANCE.

He Is at Rubi, Among the Hills, Porty Miles West of Havana.

HAVANA, Nov. 11 .- Telegraphic advices have

been received here from Col. Garamendi at Guanajay that Gen. Weyler and the troops ac-

companying him are encamped in the hills at

Col. Garamendi urges that a steamer be sent

to Cabanas to convey to Havana seven officers

and fifty-four privates of the Spanish army who

are suffering from wounds received in an en-

The town of Camaricca, in the province of

Matanzas, has been attacked by insurgents. The

insurgents were repulsed, losing four of their

KEY WEST, Fla., Nov. 11,-Passengers who

arrived from Havana to-night bring intelligence

that the capture of Gualmaro was of more im-

reached Havana it caused great excitement.

oblice Weyler to take the fleid

rounding the town.

been heard since.

the 27th.

The officers were paroled.

portance than at first reported. When the news

It was only partially printed, but was wired to

Madrid and made a sensation. It so stirred the

people that they forced the Government to

Gen. Calixto Garcia, with a large patriot

force and two pieces of artillery, attacked Guaimaro on Oct. 17. The next day he cap-

tured the trenches and destroyed ten forts sur-

The garrison, 150 soldiers and twenty armed

citizens, surrendered, but were ordered released,

except Quartermaster Miguel Mola, who, being

a Cuban, attended the wounded. They were

then sent to Puerto Principe under an escort.

The citizens of the town were forced to help

the patriots destroy the trenches, houses, &c.

The church tower was blown up with dynamite.

Three hundred stands of arms were captured

and a large quantity of war material, the place

being the base of supplies of the provinces of

Santiago and Principe. All stores were sacked

and the owners made prisoners, and a ransom

Two paid \$800 and \$1,400 and were released

and escorted to Baga. Gen. Castellanos, with a

strong column of infantry and cavalry and ar-

tillery, started to meet Garcia, but nothing has

The steamer Julia, which arrived at Havana

on Sunday from Nuevitas, reports no commu-

nication with the city of Puerto Principe since

Many of the bridges have been blown up, cul-

in Nuevitas regarding the fate of Puerto Prin-

20,000 MORE MEN FOR CUBA.

Little Island.

MADRID, Nov. 11.-The War Office is prepar-

The steamer Cadix sailed from Cadiz yester

THE WAR MAY GO ON FOREVER.

MADRID, Nov. 11 .- Prime Minister Canovas

denies emphatically that the Spanish Govern-

ment has announced that it will suppress the

PREDICTS WAR WITH SPAIN.

Gen, Johnson Expects McKinley to Pre-

cipitate It by Recognizing the Patriots.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 11 .- Gen. Bradley T. John-

that he believes the insurgents will win, possibly

within eight months, notwithstanding the

enormous forces arrayed against them. "But

there is another feature," he continued, "about

the contest worthy of note. If the incumbent

Administration does not take some action look-

ing to a recognition of the independence of

Cuba, it is my opinion that President-elect

McKinley will take that step immediately upon

"What would be the effect of such a step?"

United States. It is true that such a war would

be short lived, resulting disastrously to Spain,

but it would afford Spain an opportunity, while

losing Cuba, to uphold her national honor. She

would be in a position to say that she was not overcome by the insurgents, but by a superior

"It is one of the fundamental principles of

the national honor of Spain that there shall be

no surrender to any rebellion in her colunies,

and while she has lost those in America, the

and while she has lost those in America, the loss has been by purchase or by methods by which her national honor has not been jeopardized. Of course, in case of war with Spain, the United States would demand an indemnity. That indemnity would be Cuba. And so you see Spain would not surrender Cuba to the insurgents, but to the United States.

"I can say this, that as our political campaign has been settled, there will be a revival in the interest of Americans in Cuban affairs."

HARBOR DEFENCE CONGRESS.

The Governor of Fiorida Calls Upon Other

TALLAHASSEE, Fla. Nov. 11 .- A call has been

issued by the Governor of Fiorida for a South-

ern States Harbor Defence Convention to as-

semble at Tampa, Fia., on Jan. 20. This call is

sent to the Governors of all Southern States

and all States tributary to the Mississippi

River. An intense feeling of patriotism pre-

River. An intense teeling of patriousm pre-valls throughout the Southern States, as evinced by the formation of naval reserve corps at various Southern ports. The call is: "In view of the dangers which threaten the defenceless Gulf and South Atlantic ports of the United States, we have deemed it proper to issue a call for a Convention in the interest of the Gulf and South Atlantic harbors and their defences.

the outr and south Atlantic narrors and their defences.

"The object of this Convention, which will assemble at Tampa, Fia., on the 20th day of January, 1897, is to discuss methods for the proper defence of Southern harbors. As loyal citizens of this republic it behooves us to heed the admonitions of wisdom and endeavor to speedily place our defenceless Southern ports in a condition to protect us from the possible peril of foreign invasion.

righ invasion.

"In the interest, therefore, of this important subject we respectfully request your Excellency to honor this Convention with your presence, and also to appoint delegates from your commonwealth to attend same. Kindly forward the names of such delegates, when appointed by your Excellency, to H. J. Cooner, becretary of the Board of Trade, Tampa, Fla."

In Behalf of Suffering Cuba,

of Supervisors of Monroe county met to-day Supervi or Wolff offered a petition to President

Cleveland asking him to interpose, with all the power with which the people of the United States have invested him, in behalf of the sorely oppressed and suffering particus of Cuba, by granting to them belligerent rights.

More Filibusters Land in Cuba

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 11 .- An important

ROCHESTER, Nov. 11.-When the new Board

Governors to Meet in Tampa

'A declaration of war by Spain against the

his inauguration as President."

power, the United States.

he recently returned from Cuba, says

revolution in Cuba within a specified time.

ing to send 20,000 more troops to Cuba.

day with a cargo of munitions of war.

gagement, the details of which are not given.

Rubi.

IT COVERS ONLY THE DISPUTE OVER insurgents to greater activity and result in THE VENEZUELAN LINE.

> The Arbitration Court Will Countst of Two of Our Supreme Court Justlees, Two Members of the High Court of England, and King Oscar of Sweden-Its Work Must He Completed by Feb. 9.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.-Official secrecy is still maintained with regard to the details of the agreement between Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote to submit to arbitration the questions involved in the Venezuelan boundary dispute, but unofficially the important points of the agreement have been made

According to the agreement signed by Mr. Omey and Sir Julian Pauncefote on Monday night, England consents to become a party with Venezuela to a treaty of arbitration which. it is explicitly stated, shall have jurisdiction over the single question of the disputed boundary line between Venezuela and British Guiana. The arbitration court to be created will consist of two members of the Supreme Court of the United States, to be appointed by the Chief Justice of the Court: two members of the High Court of Justice of England, to be named by the Lord Chief Justice, and a fifth arbitrator, who has been named in advance by the parties to the agreement, and who is to be King Oscar of Sweden. Venezuela is not to be represented on the court.

According to the terms of the agreement King Oscar will be ex-officio President of the court. In order that the arbitration proceedings shall not be prolonged beyond the life of the Cleveland Administration, it is provided that the work of the arbitrators shall be completed within three months from the time of the signing of the agreement. This limits the life of the court to Feb. 9, 1897.

As a matter of form, it is provided in the agreement that the United States shall use its good offices to influence Venezuela to agree to sign the proposed arbitration treaty. Venezuela has already practically consented to this action, and the legal counsel of the legation in this city is now engaged in preparing a statement of the case to be cabled to Venezuela, with the recommendation that Venezueia shall consent to sign the treaty of arbitration arranged between the Governments of England and the United States.

The scope of the arbitration will include all of the territory in dispute between England and Venezuela, with the mutual agreement in advance that fifty years of uninterrupted, exclu- had had nothing to do with him for sive, and peaceful possession in the so-called settled districts shall constitute a claim to pri- when she moved from Georgia, she said, but vate title.

Nothing definite seems to have been agreed upon as yet with regard to the two members of | took her pistol from under her pillow, Williams the Supreme Court who are to be selected as | ran into the street. She followed him and fired arbitrators by Chief Justice Fuller, although at random in the dark, and did not know she it is the general opinion that Justice Brewer, a | had killed him, she asserted, until Reese came member of the Venezuelan Boundary Commission, will, as a matter of course, be named, if | Luckey that Williams was dead in the street, for no other reason than that his knowledge of | She asked them, she declared, not to tell that the merits of the controversy derived from sev- | she did the shooting. When they were accused of eral months of study will be very valuable in the crime she begged them to flee, which they assisting the American arbitrators to reach a | did, and came back only when she wrote them decision.

verts burned, and about seven kilometres of Members of the Supreme Court generally rerailway track torn up. Great anxiety prevails gard it as somewhat unfortunate that it should have been found necessary to take both of the American arbitrators from the Supreme Court, as that tribunal is very much overworked, and the loss of two members just at this time will Spain Still Pouring Her Hosts Into the badly oripple it.

It is thought that Chief Justice Fuller will feel it incumbent upon him to pay some attention to the political status of the court, and if

Lord Salisbury on May 22 last wrote to Sir Julian Pauncefole accepting for the first time the principle of arbitration, but only in a partial form, and confining it to Great Britain and the United States. He asked Sir Julian to submit this proposition "to the Government of the United States acting as the friend of Venezueia in this matter." His proposition was for a commission to be created by agreement between Great Britain and the United States, to be composed of two British subjects and two citizens of the United States, to investigate and report upon the facts, without reference to inferences, but the finding of the commission to be binding upon both fovernments. In this letter be distinctly specified the United States, and not Venezueia, as the party of the second part, but still there was contained a proposition in Lord Salisbury's letter to Sir Julian which seemed to imply some necessity for consent on the part of Venezueia, inasmuch as it was provided that on the report of the Commission being issued the two Governments of Great Britain and Venezueia should "endeavor to agree to a boundary line," and failing agreement there should be arbitration by three, one by Great British and one by Venezueia, and they to select a third, with a proviso that all actiements of British subjects prior to the list of January, 1887, were to be exempted.

On June 12, 1800, Secretary Olney accepted this challenge, but with most important modifications, since acceeded to, providing that the commission should be amended by adding another member, so that it must reach a result, and also providing that the commission should be almended by adding another member, so that it must reach a result, and also providing that the commission should be almended by adding another member, so that it must reach a result to fail settlers (since limited to fifty years of undisturbed occupation).

Nowhere, after this cate, does Venezueia appear in the negotiations as a principal, or as having a right to select an arbitrator. In support of the Id

would take a five weeks' notice to get it to ether. Under the usual methods of procegether. Under the usual methods of gether. Under the usual dure in Latin-American countries, the sur of 1897 would be well advanced befor Legislature would be ready to begin to aider the question.

KING OSCAR II. CHOSEN.

Member of the Arbitration Court-Further Comments of the Press. LONDON, Nov. 11.-King Oscar II. of Sweden nd Norway will be asked to act as the fifth member of the Board of Arbitration to which the Venezuelan boundary dispute will be ferred for settlement.

The officials of the Foreign Office take exceptions to the statements which have been made that Venezuela will not be represented directly in the Arbitration Tribunal. foreign Office authorities suggest that there is still doubt whether Venezuela will have her own member of the Tribunal, but at any rate Great Britain regards the United States' representatives as acting for Venezuela.

The Westminster Gazette, in an editorial or he Venezuelan settlement, says:

"The locus standi of the United States in the enezuelan controversy, which we were at first inclined to deny, is now undisputed."
Sir Robert B. Finley, Solicitor-General, will

conduct the case of Great Britain before the Venezuelan Arbitration Commission. Sir Edward Clarke is debarred from taking any part in the proceedings in consequence of his recent Expedition in aid of the insurgents in Cuba, conveying despatches from New York of vital importance and stores of medicine and clothing, sailed from here last week. The boats on board of which the expedition left here have returned and report the successful landing of the members of the party and the supplies upon the Cuban coast.

Government had seen fit to enter the unequal contest with England, the development of the United States would have been retarded for half a century. The Globe also says:

"It must be clearly understood that the constitution of the new arbitration tribunal is not to establish a precedent for arranging all further disputes between the United States and the United Kingdom in North and South America, or are we ready to recognize Monroeism as international law."

The St. James's Gazelle asks whether the agreement will not throw into arbitration and the settled territory of Guiana, which England the settled territory of Guiana, which England declared would never be submitted to arbitration, which course the United States had declared would never be submitted to arbitration, which course the United States had declared would never be submitted to arbitration, which course the United States had declared would never be submitted to arbitration, which course the United States had declared England would be forced to take. "If it does," says the Gazette, "the American claim that the agreement is a square back-down on the part of Great Britain will be difficult to disprove."

HANNA CALLS ON SHERMAN,

AND THENCE ARISES AN INTER.

ESTING CABINET RUMOR.

Talk of Sherman for Secretary of the Treasury and Hanna to Succeed Him as Senator—Mr. Hanna Leaves for Cieve-land declared would never be submitted to arbitration, which course the United States had Gorman and the Dingley Tariff Bill.

Republican National Chairman Mark A. Hanna, with his family, left New York last night at 6 o'clock for his home in Cleveland, Mr. Hanna is to be joined there on Friday by President-elect McKinley. The President-elect McKinley. The President-elect McKinley.

GILMAN ON THE RESULT.

He Speaks Briefly of the Ending of the Venezuela Controversy,

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 11.-President Gilman of Johns Hopkins University, a member of the enezuela Commission, said to-day in response to questions:

"It is obvious that all the data requisite to the formation of an opinion have not yet been made public by the United States or Great Britain, but enough has been said to show that the prin-ciple of arbitration is heartly accepted by both nations and that they are very near in complete

nations and that they are very near in complete accord upon the best method of procedure, if indeed they are not absolutely so.

"It will be time enough to consider the relations of the correspondence between Lord Salishury and Mr. Olney to the recognition of the Monroe doctrine when that correspondence is published. All that need be sain at the moment is that the Administration, in a very difficult and embarrassing controversy, has succeeded in securing a concert of action between the parties interested, and that this is in the interest of peace and international good will. The war cloud with which the year opened has been dissipated by arguments, investigations, and concessions."

SHE SAYS NHE MURDERED.

Her Confession Thought to Have Beer Made to Save Her Lover and Brother. COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 11 .- Mrs. Ella Anderon stood up in court in Yorkville to-day and swore that she killed in Blacksburg last February Charles T. Williams of Atlanta, for whose murder her brother R. T. Luckey and M. R. Reese, with herself as accessory after the

fact, are on trial.

Few, if any, believe Mrs. Anderson. Her husband swore that ne got a divorce from her be-cause he saw Reese come out of her room, and it is believed she is willing to sacrifice herself for her lover and brother. She admitted having been led astray by Williams, but said she had escaped from his influence and a year. He followed her to Blacksburg she repulsed him. Finally he entered her room at night, according to her testimony. She across the street and told her brother Dan of her unalterable intention to acknowledge the

Both Luckey and Reese gave similar testimony. Mrs. Anderson's husband has been in court as a State's wi ness. The Judge advised him not to tell anything that would convict his wife. Mrs. Williams, wife of the murdered man, read to the Court love letters sent to her husband by Mrs. Anderson and found in his trunk. Williams was a railroad man of Atlanta. Reese is a large property owner in

knows as well as anybody that they are rotten | signature; and the general run of comment last to the core. He knows that something has get to be done. It was McKinley who wrote that | cass the Dingley bill through the House and the anti-trust plank in the Harrison platform four years ago, and he's all right. If ever a candi- | President Cleveland will not be attacked in the hate realized that he owed his election to the people and not to the gang. Major McKinley is

The main object of my visit to Mr. McKin-"The main object of my visit to Mr. McKinley was to call his attention to the treaty of
1812 between the United States and Great
Britain which prohibits the building of warships on the Great Lakes. Major McKinley
thanked me for calling his attention to it, acknowledged it was an injustice to the great central section, and said that it would receive his
prompt attention when he became President.
He asked me for all the statistics I could fornish,
and I am satisfied that he will do something to
correct this ourrage. As soon as I get time I
am going to see the Governor-General of Canada,
and ask his cooperation. I tell you Major Mc
Kinley is a strong-wiled man, and if any people
think that he isn't going to be President, they'll
find themselves badly mistaken."

SPOILED COSTLY OAK DOORS.

Process Server Nailed a Summons to Them -Thrushed by the Owner,

George W. Yeandle, a builder, reputed to be realthy, lives in a handsome house with costly oak doors in Davidson avenue, Fordham Heights. Some one sued the builder in the City Court to recover on a promissory note about a year old. Benjamin deselsohn, a process server. 24 years old, who lives at 557 East 150th street, tried to serve a summons on the builder on Tuesday. He says he rapped and rang for two hours at the builder's expensive front doors, but

hours at the builder's expensive front doors, but met with no response.

Then he took a trip to Fordham. He came back armed with a heavy hammer and a handful of eightpenny nails. Calmly and contentedly, as if they were of pletician placthe processes server proceeded to nail the summons on one of the oak panels of the front door. He had spoiled the panel when Yeandle came tearing around the house.

Yeandle is well developed and muscular, and

spoiled the panel when Yeandle came tearing around the house.
Yeandle is well developed and muscular, and Jeselsohn is small and thin. In the encounter which followed the process server's clothes were torn, and he was generally misused. He got a warrant for his assailant, who was arraigned in Morrisania Court yesterday. The builder said Jeselsohn had done \$26 damage to his oak doors, and hadn't been punished half enough. He was paroled for further examination.

BAY STATE GAS TROUBLES. Another Application for Receivers Made in Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 11.-Another application for receivers for the Hay State Gas Company of Delaware has been made in the United States Court here. A bill in equity was filed this afternoon by J. H. Hoffbecker of Wilmington and Benjamin L. M. Tower of Boston in behalf of Godfrey Morse and Georgie L. Morse, executors of Leopold Morse, Lawrence J. Logan, Paul K. Lincoln, and the Boston Loan Comgan, Paul K. Lincolu, and the Boston Lean Company, all creditors and income bondholders of the Bay State Gas Company, praying for an injunction restraining the officers of the company from operating it until they render a full remort of the assets and property of the company, and asking for the appointment of receivers to care for this property.

The bill of complaint is in substance the same as that filed by William Buctanian of New York last month, except that the new complaints allege that Buchainan and the receivers who were appointed last month got a very large sum for discontinuing the soit, sithough they were acting ostensibly in behalf of all the bondholders and all the creditors of the company.

The Iowa Off on Her Trial Trip. Lewes, Del., Nov. 11.—The battleship Iowa-left anchorage and passed out of the Capes at 9:40 o'clock this morning on her builders' trial trip.

Treasury and Hanna to Succeed Him as

President-elect McKinley. The President-elect is to be Mr. Hanna's guest for a week. Mr. Hanna's visit to New York and his conversations with business men and others have been fruitful. In many ways he has ascertained the drift of public sentiment, and Mr. McKinley and he are to have many serious talks over the result of his Eastern visit. All speculation as to Mr. McKinley's Cabinet is almost frivolous, it is said, until Mr. McKinley and Mr. Hanna dis cuss the various important suggestions heard by Mr. Hanna on his Eastern trip.

Before departing last evening Mr. Hanna called at the Fifth Avenue Hotel and had a long talk with Senator John Sherman of Ohio. Neither Mr. Hanna nor Mr. Sherman would say what occurred at this visit but the triends of the two men said that there is a well-defined understanding that Mr. Sherman is to resign from the Senate and accept a place in Mr. Me-Kinley's Cabinet, presumably as Secretary of the Treasury. Senator Sherman's term expires on March 3, 1899. Those who seemed to know about the real purport of Mr. Hanna's visit to Mr. Sherman said that they believed that in the event of Mr. Sherman's retirement from the Senate Mr. Hanna is to take his place as a Senator from Ohio. Joseph Benson Foraker has aiready been elected by the Legislature of Ohio as the Republican Senator to succeed Calvin S. Brice, whose term expires on March 4 next. Mr. Hanna, if the programme mapped out for him is carried out, would therefore be in the Senate and would begin his term at the same time with Senator Foraker.

There was talk all day yesterday to the effect that Mr. Hanna himself should be made Secretary of the Treasury, and that he should not entertain the opinion of others that John Sherman should get the Treasury portfolio and that he, Mr. Hanna, become the Ohio Senator to succeed the Mansfield statesman. Scuntor Sherman and his friends, when the subject was broached to them, declined to discuss it. Mr. Hanna and his friends had nothing whatever to say. It was said later in the evening that too much credence should not be given at this time to the report that Mr. Sherman is to be made Secretary of the Treasury and that Mr. Hanna is to take his place in the United States Senate. It was added that all the facts would be known within the next few weeks, when Mr. Hanna is expected to return to New York for further consultation with his friends.

One of the most interesting points de-veloped yesterday was that Senator Brice told all his visitors that he and Senator Gorman and others would not throw stumbling blocks in the way of the passage of the Dingley bill if this bill is presented for the consideration of Congress at any time before March 4 next. This information coincides with the statements made concerning the attitude of Senator Thomas Henry Carter of Montana, to the effect that the Republican silver Senators now believe that a tariff bill should be passed which will be adequate to the needs of the Gov-ernment. With the conperation of these Republican silver Senators and the aid of such

night was to the effect that if the proposition to Senate before March 4 next is carried out public prints "for Signing the Dingley bill," but, on the contrary, he will do with that bill as he did with the Wilson bill, allow it to become a law without his signature.

M'KINLEY NOT COMING HERE.

Only Should Mrs. McKinley's Health De mand Would He Make a Trip East, CANTON, O., Nov. 11 .- Among the letters of ongratulation which came to Major McKinley to-day was this one from ex-Senator John J. Ingalls:

"I am very much gratified to know that my prediction at Minneapolis has come to pass. My congratulations are late, but they are cordial

congratulations are late, but they are cordial and sincere. They are tempered by profound disappointment at the result in Kansas, but we did the best we could."

Among Major McKinley's callers this morning were Sam J. Roberts, Chairman of the Republican State Committee of Kentucky, and Robert P. Porter of Cleveland, Col. and Mrs. Myron T. Herrick of Cloveland came to Canton this evening and will pass the night in the McKinley house. Major McKinley has decided to leave Canton on Saturday morning for Cleveland. He will be absent a week or more, and if Mrs. McKinley's health domands it, will go to New York, although he has no such intention now. He fully expects to return to Canton as soon as he has finished his visit in Cleveland, and remain here till he goes to Washington, Mrs. McKinley is considerably better to-day, and was able to go to the dining room for her and was able to go to the dining room for her meals.

INJURED AT THE FIFTH AVENUE. Catherine O'Connor Suys She Was Stabbed - Her Skull Fractured,

At 7 o'clock last evening Policeman Reinhardt of the West Thirtieth street station found a woman lying in the vestibule of a private dwelling at 308 Fourth avenue.

The woman was unconscious and her clothing was covered with blood. There was a wound on the back of her head and two smaller cuts at the base of the skull. None of the occupants of the house knew who the woman was. A man living in the neighborhood told the policeman that he had seen the woman stagger into the hall at half-past 6 o'clock. When taken to Bellevue Hospital the woman

When taken to Believue Hospital the woman revived and said that her name was Catherine O'Conner, and that she lived at 446 Third avenue with her brother.
"I was stabled at the Fifth Avenue Hotel during a quarrel," she added, "It was in the receiving room oposite the help clerk's desk." This was all she was able to say, Her skull appears to be fractured and she may die.

Inquiry at the Fifth Avenue Hotel showed that the woman had been employed there until a month ago in the hotel laundry. At 5:30 o'clock yesleriay afternoon she went to the steward's receiving room and saw Clerk Honderson, who was in charge of the servants quarters.

derson, who was in charge of the servants' quarters.

Henderson says she was slightly intoxicated and troublesone. She wanted to see the head laundress. According to his story, he ordered the woman out. She refused to go, He called one of the yardmen to put her out.

Five minutes later, he says, the yardman told him that the woman had fallen and injured herself, cutting her head. Henderson rang a call hell for the hotel detective, Charles Forges, and Forges had few soman to the door, leaving her on the sciewalk. She finally staggered from there to the place where she was found.

secretary Carlisle in Town.

Secretary Carlisle arrived at the Fifth Avenue Hotel shortly before 10 o'clock last evening. He was accompanied by Mrs. Carlisle. He will probably remain here till Saturday.

GRATIIUDE TO CHARLES FOSTER. The Ex-Secretary Gets a Big Return on Loan of Many Years Ago.

FOSTORIA, O., Nov. 11.-During the years of his prosperity Charles Foster was known far and wide for his liberality to those less fortunate than he. He was always the first to subscribe to any enterprise which promised to be of benefit to the community, and was known as a man who never, under any circumstances, foreclosed a mortgage.

Many years ago, when the house now occu-

pled by Mr. Foster's mother was built, the contractor, named Johnson, became involved so that his home was to be sold by the Sheriff. Learning of the man's trouble, Mr. Foster advanced the money to release the mortgage with little, if any, hope of ever getting any return. Mr. Johnson went West and passed out of the minds of his friends here. Long ago he died. Before his death he told his sons how Mr. Foster had befriended him and how grateful he felt for the great service. The sons prospered and Mr. Foster failed. They invested a works between Denver and Cripple Creek in Mr. Foster's name, but said nothing to Mr. Fostor until the success of the project way fully assured. Mr. Foster has been made a director in the concern and has gone to Deaver to attend a meeting of the directors. It is said that the works are paying large dividends.

RUSSIAN ADVICE TO FRANCE.

She Is Urged to Forgive and Forget the German Scizure of the Reichsland. LONDON. Nov. 11 .- The Daily News prints a despatch from its Berlin correspondent saying

that the German newspapers reproduce, evidently with the greatest decree of satisfaction, a significant article which has appeared in the Victomosti of St. Petersburg, urging France to forget and forgive the acquirement of Alsace-Lorraine by Germany and to become reconciled with that country.

The article contends that the peace of Europe only endangered by the indulgence by France in thoughts of revenge and urges the French people to remember that other nations, especially Russia, Austria, and Germany, have had to swallow various reverses. In conclusion the Viedomosti recalls the proofs

repeatedly given by the German Emperor of his readiness to approach France, and intimates that Russia would willingly act as a mediator between the two nations should her services in such capacity be desired.

A BRIDEGROOM'S SUICIDE.

He Was Frank Hamilton, a Texas Banker, and Was Married on Monday.

Austin, Tex., Nov. 11.-Frank Hamilton, for years a conspicuous banker here, killed himself with morphine this afternoon. Up to a few months ago he was a member of Raymond & Co.'s banking house. He took an active part in the construction of the Austin dam, in which he lost much money. He was married on Monday night to a Miss Carrie Gray of this city, his first wife having died two years ago.

BLEW UP AND LOSTED THE SAFE. Masked Men in Cleveland Gag a Watchman

and Get Plunder Worth \$6,500. CLEVELAND, O., Nov. 11.-Five masked rob bers early this morning robbed the safe of the Star Brewing Company of \$5,000 and \$1,500 worth of rare coins. They overpowered Night Watchman Louis Christiansen, and after binding and gagging him blew up the safe with dynamite.

ALLEN TO SIT IN THE COUNCIL. The Big Negro Refuses to Resign and His

the other from among the Democratic members of the court. Justice Field's selection will, of course, be out of the question, owing to his advanced age, and as the Chief Justice will hardly assume to appoint himself, his choice will be restricted to Justices White and Peckham. It is the prevailing opinion here that the latter will be named as one of the two arbitrators on the part of the United States.

Lord Salisbury on May 22 last wrote to Sir large from May 22 last wrote to Sir large from and confining it to Great Britain and the United States.

Lord Salisbury on May 22 last wrote to Sir large from and confining it to Great Britain and the United States acting as the Freident Among the Connection of the United States and Republicans who talked all the proposition has been deposed and the United States and Republicans who talked all the Dingley bill send be president thinself."

This was Mayor Pingree's remark to-day when he arrived home from Canton. He confidence in the principle of arbitration, but only in a partial form, and confining it to Great Britain and the United States acting as the Friend of Venezuera and Gondam and the marriage was arranged and first otake place in New Orleans, but on the Boston, Nov. 11.—Isaac B. Allen, the negro Government is a possible for some few control of President Among the Dingley bill sould be passible for Mr. Allen without knowing his color, and clevel and the United States. Beston Sir Julian to subtract the Dingley bill could be assistance of the Conneil was some speculation on the Dornor. Nov. 11.—They may said bout the Dingley bill should be principle of arbitration but not only in a partial form, and confidence the Conneil was some speculation on the Darrior on the Conneil was some speculation on the Conneil was some speculation on the Dornor of Great Britain and the United States. He President Ministers to the Dingley bill should be present the Dingley bill should be present the Dingley bill could be asked Brite of the Conneil were some of Gov. Wolcout's Council, un the place where the blue bloods of the Council heartily wished him, but it dight. The recount was finished to-day, and Allen was found to be 65 votes to the good. Allen says that he will qualify and sit, and that no amount of money can induce him to resign.

KILLED BY HIS PATIENT.

A Doctor Shot by a Man He Was Treating for Melancholia.

TACOMA, Wash., Nov. 11 - Dr. James Stinson Wintermute was killed yesterday morning by Samuel Tucker. Dr. Wintermute had been treating Tucker for melancholia and endeavored to make him believe he was not sick. After shooting Wintermute, Tucker shot himself dead. Dr. Wintermute, before he died, made a

dead. Dr. Wintermute, before he died, made a short statement to his wife. He said that he had treated Tucker and added that he had never done him an injury.

Tucker saw Wintermute on Monday night and was told that nothing alied him. Afterwards he told an acquaintance he would see the Doctor again yesterday morning, and if he did not get relief there would be some shooting. Tucker lived in a hovel, a dog being his only companion. Dr. Wintermute was born in St. Paul in 1869.

MUST EAT A SQUARE MEAL. Peculiar Complaint Made to the Progressive Tailors' Union.

The Progressive Tailors' Union reported yeserday that it is investigating a unique complaint of the employees of a certain clothing contractor against their employer. The employees were in the habit of bringing their ployees were in the habit of bringing their lunch with them, which they ate in the shop. It generally consisted of sauerkraut, limburger cheese, and pleor bread, according to the finances of the worker. The complaint is that their employer insists on their going out and getting a square meal instead of eating lunch in the shop. If he paid for the square meal they would not kick, but they say they can't afford to go to a restaurant and pay for it when they can get their dinner at home later.

A SAW AND SAWBUCK FOR BRYAN. Honest-Money Democrats Send to Lincoln a Reminder of His Late Bavings.

PERU, Ind., Nov. 11 .- The Honest-Money Democratic League yesterday sent a gilded sawbuck and saw in miniature to W. J. Bryan as a reminder of this part of a speech he delivered in this city on Oct. 23:

"The man who leaves the Democratic party in its great fight this year need not come back until he has fully atoned for the sin committed. The prodigal son who leaves the Democratic household this year and goes to feed the hogs, when he comes back has got to come with the understanding that he must saw wood a long while before be gets to the table."

SEVEN MARRIAGES BETWEEN THEM The Bride Said It Was Her Fourth Wedding, and the Bridegroom His Third,

George W. Coutant of 759 Driggs avenue and Mrs. Virginia P. White of 110 South street, Brooklyn, were married in Hoboken yesterday by Justice of the Peace Lewis R. McCulloch.
After the ceremory the bride remarked with
a smile that it was her fourth wedding and the
groom said it was his third. He gave his age as
and she said she was 3. The witnesses to
the marriage were Health Inspector Anthony
(rangill and Constable William Wise of Hohowett

An ruley Borne't Pay Here.

chia: John Turner, who came here from England a year ago and more, has found anarchy unprofitable in this country, and will re turn to England soon. For some time he has acted as organizer for the Journeymen Tailors' National Union, which is affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

PRICE TWO CENTS. SHOT BY HIS SWEETHEART.

KITTY MARTIN FIRES FIVE BULLETS AT HENRY KIRCHNER.

Two Take Effect and One May Prove Mortal-After Becoming Engaged to Her, He Concluded Not to Marry Because She

Was a Catholic and He a Protestant, Henry Kirchner, 21 years old, was shot last night by his sweetheart. Kitty Martin, in the store of the National Butter and Egg Company at 21 Avenue A, of which he is manager, girl, who lives at 704 Third avenue, fired five pullets at him, two taking effect. One near the right lung may result fatally. The other built entered the right hand. The girl fainted from

pital in an ambulance.

Kirchner met the young woman four months age. He liked her greatly, and she apparently reciprocated his affection. He called on her large amount, \$50,000 it is said, in smelting every night, and often took her to the theatre, At length it became known that they were engaged to be married.

excitement. Both were taken to Bellevue Hos-

There were many discussions by the couple before their engagement as to the propriety of their marrying. She is a Catholic and he a Protestant. The girl made great objections to their union on that ground, but Kirchner overcame them, and the date of the wedning was to be named as soon as Kirchner got together enough money to defray the expenses of a trip to the country.

Recently Kirchner, in his turn, began to have misgivings regarding his marriage to one of another faith, and their final conversation on the topic led to the shooting. His sweetheart called on him last evening by appointment to have the matter settled. The girl was calm in her manner, although she had a revolver in her pocket with her hand clutching it, ready to shoot her lover if he persisted in the same objections she herself had had before their engagement.

Kirchner said he thought it better that the marriage should not take place. Kitty told him he was foolish, and that he himself had told her that she was foolish when she made the same objections to his offer of marriage. She was so persistent that Eirchere inally told her that he would not marry her and that she had better go away. Then the girl sirew the revolver. When Kirchner saw it he lauched at her, say-ing.

better go away. Then the girl drew the revolver. When Kirchner saw it he launched at her, saying:

"I gness you won't shoot, Kitty."

"I gness I will, Hen," she answered, and pulled the trigger. The shot did not hit. Kirchner, He tried to hide behind a pile of cracker boxes. Before he could do so the girl fired a second shot, and this struck Kirchner in the right chest. He fell, carrying several boxes with him. Three more shots were dred by the girl, who then fell unconscious to the floor beside her lover.

Immediately after the shooting a crowd collected in front of the store, and Polleeman Fichtel of the East Twenty-second street station ran to the place. Kirchner told him what had occurred. The girl recovered consciousness at the hospital, but fell immediately into a state of hysteria.

Mrs. Gill of 704 Third avenue said that Kitty Martin came to her about two weeks ago and asked if she had a room to spare. Mrs. Gill rented one to her. The girl had been employed as a waitress, though where Mrs. Gill does not know. She told Mrs. Gill that she had a sister living in Harlem. Her parents are in Ireland. Mrs. Gill never heard her speak of any trouble with Kirchner.

MISS ANNIE HOWARD TO MARRY. She Was Carter Harrison's Betrothed, and

Her Future Husband Is English. NEW ORLEANS, La., Nov. 11.-Miss Annie Howard, daughter of the late Charles T. How-ard, the lettery king, and the betrothed of Carter Harrison of Chicago at the time he was murdered by a crank, will wed to-morrow Walter Parrott of Parrott Bros., stock brokers, London, England. The marriage was arranged at

A Policeman Puts a Bullet in "Shanks"

McCauley's Leg. Policeman Tubridy of the Union Market po lice station shot an alleged coal thief named John, alias Shanks, McCauley, about 9:30 o'clook last eight, while the man was running away from the officer on Thirteenth street near Avenue C. McCauley was made a prisoner and

sent to Bellevue Hospital.

The policeman was patrolling Avenue D when he heard sounds behind the fence of the Mutual Gas Company's plant at Avenue D and Thirteenth street. Two men came from behind the fence and ran away when he approached them. He shouted to them to ston or he would shoot. They shouted back defiance. Tubridy fired, aiming low, and one of the men was struck in the right leg. The other man escaped. Investigation showed that three bags of coal had been made ready for removal from the gashouse property. Tubridy says that McCauley is a well-known thicf. The prisoner's wound is not serious.

GOV. GRIGGS NOT ON THE ROOF. A Crank Seeks Him on Top of the Pater. son Municipal Builting.

PATERSON, Nov. 11,-Janitor Mickel of the City Hall, on visiting the roof of the new municipal building to-day, saw an elderly man, cane in hand, tramping about the roof. The stranger who was evalently demented, said he was looking for fow, Griggs and that the Gov-ernor had some jewelry belonging to him. He was led down stairs and turned over to the po-lice.

Caritate Says He Wants to Retire. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 11. Secretary Carlisle says he wants to retire from politics. While he was in Kentucky last month he said to a friend who had mentioned the fact that there was talk of electing him to the Senate. "I sincerely hope they won't do it. I have been in politics thirty years and I am thed of it. My sincere desire and intention is to have nothing more to do with politics after the end of this Administration."

Maria Barberi to Be Retried on Monday Maria Barberi, the Italian girl who silled her faithless lover. Domenico Cataldo, and who was sentenced to death by Recorder (10ff, will be re-tried on Moniay. Recorder (10ff, will be re-tried on Moniay. Recorder (10ff, sentence) was reversed by the Court of Appends, which granted the girl a new trial. She will be tried this time before Justice Collective in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court.

Perished to a Kansas Blizzard.

TOPERA, Kan., Nov. 11. The first death in a Kansas blizzard this season is reported from Goodland, on the Colorado border, where yesterday the body of J. N. Moran was found in a snowdrift. He had evidently lest his way in the night and storm, and, finally, turning loose his horses, sought shelter behind the wagon box.

The U. P. Past Mail Ditches.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 11.-The Union Pacific fast mail, bound west, was directed near Ogallala this morning about 1 o'clock. Four cars left the tracks. The only person seriously hurt was Patrick Dumphrey of tirand Island, who was injured internally.

Bishop Johnson Must Go to Prison.

FORT SCOTT, Kan., Nov. 11.-The Rev. W. Johnson, Bishop of the Fort Scott district of the Independent Africau M. E. Church, was con-victed in the Federal Court yesterday evening of making laise pension affidavits. He will go to the penitentiary.

Latest Marine Intelligence. rived-steamships Eiffel Tower, from Liverpool, Europe, from London.